



Performance Data Sheet

Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been tested and certified under NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 53 as shown below. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system, as specified in NSF/ANSI 53, Health Effects.



For Model Nos. MP880SB, MP880SC, MP880SI, MP880EL

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
ALACHLOR*	>98%	0.05	0.001
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 6.5 pH)	>99.9%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
ARSENIC (pentavalent As (V); As (+5); arsenate @ 8.5 pH)	>95.8%	0.050 +/- 10%	0.010
ASBESTOS	>99.9%	10 ⁷ to 10 ⁸ fibers/L; fibers greater than 10 micrometers in length	99% reduction requirement
ATRAZINE*	>97%	0.1	0.003
BENZENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
BROMODICHLOROMETHANE (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
BROMOFORM (TTHM)*	>99.8%	0.3	0.015
CARBOFURAN (Furadan)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE*	98%	0.078	0.0018
CHLORDANE	>99.5%	0.04 +/-10%	0.002
CHLOROBENZENE (Monochlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
CHLOROPICRIN*	99%	0.015	0.0002
CHLOROFORM (TTHM)* (surrogate chemical)	>99.8%	0.45 +/- 20%	0.080
Cryptosporidium (CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
CYST (Giardia; Cryptosporidium; Entamoeba; Toxoplasma)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
2, 4-D*	98%	0.11	0.00017
DBCP (see Dibromochloropropane)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
1,2-DCA (see 1,2-DICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DCE (see 1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE (TTHM; Chlorodibromomethane)*	>99.8%	0.300	0.015
DIBROMOCHLOROPROPANE (DBCP)*	>99%	0.052	0.00002
o-DICHLOROBENZENE (1,2 Dichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
p-DICHLOROBENZENE (para-Dichlorobenzene)*	>98%	0.04	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE (1,2-DCA)*	95%	0.088	0.0048
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE (1,1-DCE)*	>99%	0.083	0.001
CIS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.17	0.0005
TRANS-1,2- DICHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.086	0.001
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE (Propylene Dichloride)*	>99%	0.08	0.001
CIS-1,3- DICHLOROPROPYLENE*	>99%	0.079	0.001
DINOSEB*	99%	0.17	0.0002
EDB (see ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002
ENDRIN*	99%	0.053	0.00059
Entamoeba (see CYSTS)	99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
ETHYLBENZENE*	>99%	0.088	0.001
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE (EDB)*	>99%	0.044	0.00002

**Percent reduction reflects actual performance of Multipure product as specifically tested (at 200% of capacity). Percent reduction shown for VOCs* reflects the allowable claims for Volatile Organic Chemicals/Compounds as per Tables. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for VOC reduction claims: the Multipure Systems' actual reduction rate of Chloroform was >99.8% as tested (at 200% of capacity).

Substance	Percent Reduction**	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
Furadan (see CARBOFURAN)*	>99%	0.19	0.001
Giardia Lamblia (see CYST)	>99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
HALOACETONITRILES (HAN)*			
BROMOCHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.022	0.0005
DIBROMOACETONITRILE	98%	0.024	0.0006
DICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.0096	0.0002
TRICHLOROACETONITRILE	98%	0.015	0.0003
HALOKETONES (HK):*			
1,1-DICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	99%	0.0072	0.0001
1,1,1-TRICHLORO-2-PROPANONE	96%	0.0082	0.0003
HEPTACHLOR*	>99%	0.08	0.0004
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE*	98%	0.0107	0.0002
HEXACHLOROBTADIENE (Perchlorobutadiene)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE*	>99%	0.060	0.000002
LEAD (pH 6.5)	>99.99%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LEAD (pH 8.5)	>99.99%	0.15 +/- 10%	0.010
LINDANE*	>99%	0.055	0.00001
MERCURY (pH 6.5)	>99.99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
MERCURY (pH 8.5)	>99.99%	0.006 +/- 10%	0.002
METHOXYCHLOR*	>99%	0.050	0.0001
Methylbenzene (see TOLUENE)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
Monochlorobenzene (see CHLOROBENZENE)*	>99%	0.077	0.001
MTBE (methyl tert-butyl ether)	>96.6%	0.015 +/- 20%	0.005
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS (PCBs , Aroclor 1260)	>97%	0.01 +/- 10%	0.0005
PCE (see TETRACHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.081	0.001
PENTACHLOROPHENOL*	>99%	0.096	0.001
Perchlorobutadiene (see HEXACHLOROBTADIENE)*	>98%	0.044	0.001
Propylene Dichloride (see 1,2 -DICHLOROPROPANE)*	>99%	0.080	0.001
SIMAZINE*	>97%	0.120	0.004
Silvex (see 2,4,5-TP)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
STYRENE (Vinylbenzene)*	>99%	0.15	0.0005
1,1,1-TCA (see 1,1,1 - TRICHLOROETHANE)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
TCE (see TRICHLOROETHYLENE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
1,1,2,2- TETRACHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE*	>99%	0.081	0.001
TOLUENE (Methylbenzene)*	>99%	0.078	0.001
TOXAPHENE	>92.9%	0.015 +/- 10%	0.003
Toxoplasma (see CYSTS)	99.99%	minimum 50,000/L	99.95%
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)*	99%	0.270	0.0016
TRIBROMOACETIC ACID*	98%	0.042	0.001
1,2,4 TRICHLOROBENZENE (Unsymtrichlorobenzene)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE (1,1,1-TCA)*	95%	0.084	0.0046
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
TRICHLOROETHYLENE (TCE)*	>99%	0.180	0.0010
TRIHALOMETHANES (TTHM) (Chloroform; Bromoform; Bromodichloromethane; Dibromochloromethane)	>99.8%	0.45 +/- 20%	0.080
TURBIDITY	>99%	11 +/- NTU	0.5 NTU
Unsym-Trichlorobenzene (see 1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE)*	>99%	0.160	0.0005
Vinylbenzene (see STYRENE)*	>99%	0.150	0.0005
XYLENES (TOTAL)*	>99%	0.070	0.001

NSF/ANSI 42 - Aesthetic Effects

The System has been tested according to NSF/ANSI Standard 42 for the reduction of the following substances. The concentration of the indicated substances in water entering the system was reduced to a concentration less than or equal to the permissible limit for water leaving the system.

Substance	Percent Reduction ^{**}	Influent challenge concentration	Maximum permissible product water concentration
CHLORAMINE as Aesthetic Effect (As Monochloramine)	>98.3%	3.0 mg/L +/- 10%	0.001
CHLORINE as Aesthetic Effect	99%	2.0 Mg/L +/- 10%	> or = 75%
PARTICULATE , (Nominal Particulate Reduction, Class I, Particles 0.5 TO <1 UM	Class I > 99%	At Least 10,000 particles/mL	> or = 85%

Note: This addresses the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Primary and Secondary Drinking Water Regulations in effect at its time of publication, they relate to Multipure's performance in conformance to the industry performance criteria. These regulations are continually being updated at the Federal level. Accordingly, this list of MCLs will be reviewed and amended when appropriate. Please see sales brochure for list of product certifications.

FOOTNOTES:

1. Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been certified, as indicated, by NSF International for compliance to NSF/ANSI Standard Nos. 42 & 53.
2. The Multipure Drinking Water Systems have been certified by the State of California Department of Public Health for the reduction of specific contaminants listed herein.
3. Chloroform was used as a surrogate for claims of reduction of VOCs. Multipure Systems tested at >99.8% actual reduction of Chloroform. Percent reduction shown herein reflects the allowable claims for VOCs as per tables in the Standard.
4. The systems have been tested for the treatment of water containing pentavalent arsenic.
5. Do not use with water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected water that may contain filterable cysts.
6. Filter life will vary in proportion to the amount of water used and the level of impurities in the water being processed. For optimum performance, it is essential that the filter be replaced on a regularly scheduled basis as follows: (a) annually; (b) when the unit's rated capacity has been reached; (c) the flow rate diminishes; (d) the filter becomes saturated with bad tastes and odors.
7. Model No. MP880EL includes a capacity monitor that automatically flashes a red light when it is time to replace your filter.
8. Multipure Drinking Water System Housings are warranted for Lifetime (provided that the filter be replaced at least once a year); all exterior hoses and attachments to the System are warranted for one year. Please see the Owner's Manual for complete product guarantee and warranty information.
9. Please see the Owner's Manual for installation instructions and operating procedures.
10. In compliance with New York law, it is recommended that before purchasing a water treatment system, NY residents have their water supply tested to determine their actual water treatment needs. Please compare the capabilities of the Multipure unit with your actual water treatment needs.
11. While testing was performed under standard laboratory conditions, actual performance may vary.
12. The list of substances which the treatment device reduces does not necessarily mean that these substances are present in your water.



MP880SB



MP880SC

Operational Specifications	MP880SB	MP880SC	MP880SI	MP880EL
Approximate Service Capacity	600 Gallons	600 Gallons	600 Gallons	960 Gallons
Replacement Filter Type	CB11AS	CB11AS	CB11AS	CB11AS
Approximate Flow Rate @ 60 psi	1.0 gpm	1.0 gpm	1.0 gpm	1.0 gpm
Maximum Water Pressure	100 psi/7.03 kg/cm ²	100 psi/7.03 kg/cm ²	100 psi/7.03 kg/cm ²	100 psi/7.03 kg/cm ²
Minimum Water Pressure	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm ²	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm ²	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm ²	30 psi/2.1 kg/cm ²
Maximum Operating Temperature	100°F/38°C for cold water use	100°F/38°C for cold water use only	100°F/38°C for cold water use only	100°F/38°C for cold water use only
Minimum Operating Temperature	32°F/0°C	32°F/0°C	32°F/0°C	32°F/0°C

Facts About Arsenic

(in compliance with NSF/ANSI Standard)

Arsenic (abbreviated As) is a naturally occurring contaminant found in many ground waters. Arsenic in water has no color, taste or odor. It must be measured by a lab test. Public water utilities must have their water tested for arsenic. You can get the results from your water utility. If you have your own well, you can have the water tested. The local health department or the state environmental health agency can provide a list of certified labs. The cost is typically \$15 to \$30. Information about arsenic in water can be found on the Internet at the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency website: www.epa.gov/safewater/arsenic.html.

There are two forms of arsenic: pentavalent arsenic (also called As(V), As(+5), and arsenate) and trivalent arsenic (also called As(III), As(+3), and arsenite). In well water, arsenic may be pentavalent, trivalent, or a combination of both. Special sampling procedures are needed for a lab to determine what type and how much of each type of arsenic is in the water. Check with the labs in your area to see if they can provide this type of service.

Specially formulated Carbon Block systems are very effective at removing pentavalent arsenic. A free chlorine residual will rapidly convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. Other water treatment chemicals such as ozone and potassium permanganate will also change trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. A combined chlorine residual (also called chloramine) may not convert all the trivalent arsenic. If you get your water from a public water utility, contact the utility to find out if free chlorine or combined chlorine is used in the water system.

The Multipure MP880 Models are designed to remove only pentavalent arsenic. It will not convert trivalent arsenic to pentavalent arsenic. The system may remove some trivalent arsenic, however, it has not been evaluated for its ability to remove trivalent arsenic. The system was tested in a laboratory to remove pentavalent arsenic. Under lab conditions, as defined in ANSI/NSF Standard 53, the system reduced 0.050 mg/L (ppm) pentavalent arsenic to 0.010 mg/L (ppm) (the U.S. EPA standard for drinking water) or less. The performance of the system may be different at your installation. Have the treated water tested for arsenic to check if the system is working properly.

The Carbon Block filter component of the Multipure MP880 system must be replaced as indicated in this Owner's Manual to ensure the system will continue to remove arsenic and other contaminants.

California Department of Public Health Certification / Registration

State of California
Department of Health Services
Water Treatment Device
Certificate Number
03 - 1569
Date Issued: May 22, 2003

Trademark/Model Designation	Replacement Elements	Capacity
Multi-Pure MP880SH	CB11As	600 gal
Multi-Pure MP880SC	CB11As	600 gal
Multi-Pure MP880SI	CB11As	600 gal
Multi-Pure MP880EL	CB11As	960 gal

Manufacturer: Multi-Pure Drinking Water Systems

The water treatment device(s) listed on this certificate have met the testing requirements pursuant to Section 116830 of the Health and Safety Code for the following health related contaminants:

Microbiological Contaminants and Turbidity	Inorganic/Radiological Contaminants	
Cysts	Arsenic V (50 ppb)	
Turbidity	Asbestos	
	Lead	
	Mercury	
Organic Contaminants		
Chlordane		
MTBE		
PCB		
Toxaphene		
VOCs		
Atrachlor	Atrazine	Benzene
Bromodichloromethane ¹	Bromoform ¹	Carbofuran
Carbon Tetrachloride	Chlorobenzene	Chloroform ¹
2,4-D	DIBCP	Dibromodichloromethane ¹
o-Dichlorobenzene	p-Dichlorobenzene	1,1-Dichloroethane
1,2-Dichloroethane	trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,1-Dichloroethylene
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,2-Dichloropropane	cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene
Dinoseb	EDB	Endrin
Ethylbenzene	Heptachlor	Heptachlor Epoxide
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Hexachlorobutadiene	Lindane
Methoxychlor	Pentachlorophenol	Simazine
Styrene	2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	Tetrachloroethylene
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Toluene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Trichloroethylene
m-Xylene	o-Xylene	p-Xylene

¹Trihalomethanes

Rated Service Flow: 1.0 gpm

Do not use where water is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality, except that systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

For further information, contact your local Distributor:



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